Act as amended, on or about July 31 and August 1, 1933, from the State of Kansas into the State of Missouri, of quantities of butter which was adulterated and misbranded.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat, as prescribed by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923, which the article purported to be.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the article was food in package form and the quantity of the contents was not plainly and conspicuously marked on the outside of the package.

On December 3, 1934, the defendant entered a plea of guilty, and the court imposed a fine of \$25 and costs.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23858. Adulteration of canned shrimp. U.S. v. 758 Cases and 800 Cases of Canned Shrimp. Decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 31674, 31700. Sample nos. 50396-A, 50397-A, 50398-A.)

These cases involved shipments of canned shrimp that was found to be in part decomposed.

On December 5 and December 9, 1933, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Ohio, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of two lots, consisting of 1,558 cases of canned shrimp, at Cleveland, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, in part on or about September 16 and in part on or about September 28, 1933, by the Fisher Sea Food Co., from Lafitte, La., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. A portion of the article was labeled: "Weideman Boy Brand Wet Shrimp." The remainder was labeled: "Fisher's Blue Gulf Shrimp * * * Packed by Fisher Seafood Company, Lafitte, La."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part

of a decomposed animal substance.

On November 5, 1934, the Wiedeman Co., and the Fisher Bros. Co., of Cleveland, Ohio, claimants, having withdrawn their answers and having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23859. Adulteration of packing stock butter. U. S. v. 75 Barrels of Butter. Product released under bond for use as commercial grease. (F. & D. no. 31859. Sample no. 59237-A.)

This case involved an interstate shipment of packing stock butter that

contained maggots and other filth.

On December 22, 1933, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 75 barrels of packing stock butter at St. Louis, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 20, 1933, by the Tennessee Egg Co., from Atlanta, Ga., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On November 27, 1934, Fred M. Switzer, trading as the Missouri Candy Co., St. Louis, Mo., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released under bond, conditioned that it be denatured and disposed of as commercial grease.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23860. Misbranding of salad oil. U. S. v. 48 Cans of Salad Oil. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be relabeled. (F. & D. no. 31870. Sample no. 66236-A.)

This case involved a product consisting chiefly of cottonseed oil, with little or no olive oil present, which was labeled to convey the impression that it was olive oil of foreign origin.

On January 24, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Connecticut, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 48 cans of salad oil at